

COPY

PRESIDENT  
REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA

GOVERNMENT REGULATION OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA  
NUMBER 24 OF 2026

CONCERNING

GOVERNANCE OF EXPORTS OF STRATEGIC NATURAL RESOURCE COMMODITIES

BY THE GRACE OF GOD ALMIGHTY

THE PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA,

Considering:

- a. that natural resources constitute natural wealth which, as mandated by Article 33 of the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia, are controlled by the State and used for the greatest prosperity of the people;
- b. that pursuant to Article 38(1) of Law Number 7 of 2014 concerning Trade, as amended several times, most recently by Law Number 6 of 2023 concerning the Stipulation of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 concerning Job Creation as Law, the Government has the authority to establish export policies and controls;
- c. that in order to maintain domestic supply stability, national economic resilience, increased added value, sustainability of national development, and the utilisation of natural resources for the greatest prosperity of the people, it is necessary to regulate the governance of exports of strategic natural resource commodities;
- d. that based on the considerations referred to in letters a, b and c, it is necessary to enact a Government Regulation concerning the Governance of Exports of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities;

In view of:

1. Article 5(2) of the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia;
2. Law Number 19 of 2003 concerning State-Owned Enterprises (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2003 Number 70, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 4297), as amended several times, most recently by Law Number 16 of 2025 concerning the Fourth Amendment to Law Number 19 of 2003 concerning State-Owned Enterprises (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2025 Number 162, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 7142);
3. Law Number 7 of 2014 concerning Trade (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2014 Number 45, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5512), as amended several times, most recently by Law Number 6 of 2023 concerning the Stipulation of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 concerning Job Creation as Law (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year

2023 Number 41, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6856);

HAS DECIDED:

To enact: GOVERNMENT REGULATION CONCERNING THE GOVERNANCE OF EXPORTS OF STRATEGIC NATURAL RESOURCE COMMODITIES.

CHAPTER I  
GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1

In this Government Regulation:

1. Export means the activity of removing goods from the customs territory of Indonesia.
2. Strategic Natural Resource Commodities, hereinafter referred to as Strategic Natural Resource Commodities, means natural resource commodities determined by the Government by taking into account national interests, economic stability, domestic needs, and/or the management of national strategic natural resources.
3. State-Owned Enterprise, hereinafter abbreviated as SOE, means a business entity that satisfies at least one of the following conditions:
  - a. all or the majority of its capital is owned by the Republic of Indonesia through direct participation; or
  - b. there are special rights held by the Republic of Indonesia.
4. Export State-Owned Enterprise, hereinafter referred to as Export SOE, means an SOE that receives a special assignment from the Government to carry out Export activities for Strategic Natural Resource Commodities.

CHAPTER II  
DETERMINATION OF STRATEGIC NATURAL RESOURCE COMMODITIES

Article 2

- (1) The Government regulates the Export governance of all Strategic Natural Resource Commodities.
- (2) The determination of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be carried out in stages.
- (3) For the initial stage, the Strategic Natural Resource Commodities referred to in paragraph (1) shall include:
  - a. coal;
  - b. palm oil; and
  - c. ferro alloy (iron alloy).
- (4) For subsequent stages, the Government shall determine other Strategic Natural Resource Commodities through a coordination meeting chaired by:

- a. the minister responsible for synchronisation and coordination, as well as controlling the implementation of ministerial affairs in the administration of government in the economic field, for non-food Strategic Natural Resource Commodities; or
- b. the minister responsible for synchronisation and coordination, as well as controlling ministerial affairs in the food sector, for food Strategic Natural Resource Commodities,

and attended by ministers/heads of non-ministerial government institutions.

- (5) The types of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities referred to in paragraph (3) shall be regulated in a regulation of the minister responsible for government affairs in the trade sector.
- (6) The types of other Strategic Natural Resource Commodities referred to in paragraph (4) shall be regulated in a regulation of the minister responsible for government affairs in the trade sector.

### CHAPTER III EXPORT GOVERNANCE

#### Article 3

- (1) Strategic Natural Resource Commodities as referred to in Article 2 may only be exported by an Export SOE, either as owner or as sole intermediary.
- (2) In carrying out Exports of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities by the Export SOE as referred to in paragraph (1), the selling price of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities shall be determined by the Export SOE.
- (3) The Export SOE referred to in paragraph (1) shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations in the field of SOEs.
- (4) In the implementation of Exports of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities as referred to in paragraph (1), the Export SOE may determine a margin at a reasonable level in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

#### Article 4

- (1) The Export governance of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities as referred to in Article 2 may be carried out through:
  - a. Export control, including the implementation of verification or technical tracing;
  - b. regulation of Export transportation and insurance; and/or
  - c. other mechanisms in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.
- (2) The implementation of Exports of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities by the Export SOE as referred to in Article 3 paragraph (1) may be exempted for business actors that have contracts or agreements with the Government containing provisions at least regarding:
  - a. investment;
  - b. divestment; and

- c. domestic processing and/or refining.
- (3) The granting of exemptions as referred to in paragraph (2) shall be decided in a coordination meeting chaired by:
  - a. the minister responsible for synchronisation and coordination, as well as controlling the implementation of ministerial affairs in the administration of government in the economic field, for non-food Strategic Natural Resource Commodities; or
  - b. the minister responsible for synchronisation and coordination, as well as controlling ministerial affairs in the food sector, for food Strategic Natural Resource Commodities,

and attended by ministers/heads of non-ministerial government institutions.

#### Article 5

Further provisions concerning the Export governance of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities as referred to in Article 3 and Article 4 shall be regulated by the respective relevant ministers/heads of non-ministerial government institutions in accordance with their authority.

### CHAPTER IV GUIDANCE AND SUPERVISION

#### Article 6

Guidance and supervision over the implementation of the Export governance of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities shall be carried out by the respective relevant ministers/heads of non-ministerial government institutions in accordance with their authority.

### CHAPTER V TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

#### Article 7

At the time this Government Regulation comes into force:

- a. Exports of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities as referred to in Article 2 may only be carried out through the Export SOE no later than 31 December 2026;
- b. the implementation of Exports of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities through the Export SOE as referred to in letter a shall be evaluated through a coordination meeting chaired by the minister responsible for synchronisation and coordination, as well as controlling the implementation of ministerial affairs in the administration of government in the economic field, and attended by ministers/heads of non-ministerial government institutions, within three months after this Government Regulation comes into force;
- c. based on the results of the evaluation referred to in letter b, the minister responsible for synchronisation and coordination, as well as controlling the implementation of ministerial affairs in the administration of government in the economic field, may determine a new deadline for Exports of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities through the Export SOE before 31 December 2026;

- d. Exports of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities as referred to in Article 2 carried out after the period referred to in letter a or letter c may only be carried out by the Export SOE;
- e. in the event that the implementation of Exports of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities as referred to in Article 2 has been fully transferred to the Export SOE before the period referred to in letter a or letter c, Exports of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities shall be carried out in accordance with the provisions referred to in letter d.

#### Article 8

At the time this Government Regulation comes into force, sales contracts signed before 1 June 2026 and still in effect shall be evaluated by the Export SOE.

### CHAPTER VI CLOSING PROVISIONS

#### Article 9

At the time this Government Regulation comes into force, all provisions of laws and regulations governing the implementation of Exports of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities shall be implemented in accordance with the provisions of this Government Regulation.

#### Article 10

This Government Regulation shall come into force on 1 June 2026.

In order that every person may know of it, the promulgation of this Government Regulation is ordered by its placement in the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia.

Stipulated in Jakarta  
on 20 May 2026

PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA,  
signed  
PRABOWO SUBIANTO

Promulgated in Jakarta  
on 20 May 2026

MINISTER OF STATE SECRETARIAT  
OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA,  
signed  
PRASETYO HADI

STATE GAZETTE OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA YEAR 2026 NUMBER 58

Copy in accordance with the original  
MINISTRY OF STATE SECRETARIAT  
OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA

Deputy for Legislation and Legal Administration,

Lydia Silvanna Djaman

ELUCIDATION  
OF  
GOVERNMENT REGULATION OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA  
NUMBER 24 OF 2026  
CONCERNING  
GOVERNANCE OF EXPORTS OF STRATEGIC NATURAL RESOURCE COMMODITIES

I. GENERAL

Article 33(1) of the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia states that "the economy shall be organised as a common endeavour based upon the principle of family". Indonesia's economy is built on the basis of togetherness, whereby the State and society must cooperate to create shared welfare. Article 33(2) of the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia states that "branches of production which are important for the State and which affect the livelihood of the public shall be controlled by the State".

Therefore, the State needs to regulate, administer, manage, organise and supervise important sectors that concern the needs of the wider community. Furthermore, Article 33(3) of the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia states that "the earth and water and the natural resources contained therein shall be controlled by the State and used for the greatest prosperity of the people". In this regard, the State must utilise Indonesia's natural resources for the welfare of the people through management and supervision of their utilisation so as not to harm society. The utilisation of Indonesia's natural resources referred to in Article 33(3) of the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia includes Strategic Natural Resource Commodities.

In order to realise the mandate of Article 33 of the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia, insofar as the State has the capability, whether in terms of capital, technology and management, to manage Strategic Natural Resource Commodities, the State should directly manage such Strategic Natural Resource Commodities. By carrying out direct management, all proceeds and profits obtained will become State profits that bring more optimal benefits for the welfare and prosperity of the people.

In this regard, the direct management referred to means management over the implementation of Exports of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities carried out by an SOE that has received a special assignment from the Government. The assignment is intended to ensure that the management of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities is carried out optimally while maintaining supply stability and the sustainability of national development.

Article 38(1) of Law Number 7 of 2014 concerning Trade, as amended several times, most recently by Law Number 6 of 2023 concerning the Stipulation of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 concerning Job Creation as Law, supports the formulation of export policies and controls, particularly to support increased competitiveness of domestic products and expansion of market access abroad.

The scope of regulation in this Government Regulation includes the determination of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities, Export governance, and guidance and supervision.

II. ARTICLE BY ARTICLE

Article 1

Sufficiently clear.

## Article 2

### Paragraph (1)

Strategic Natural Resource Commodities are commodities that affect the livelihood of the public and have the following functions:

- a. allocation, aimed at goods or services derived from natural resources controlled by the State to be utilised for the greatest prosperity of the people;
- b. distribution, directed at goods and/or services that are fundamentally needed by the public but, at a certain time or continuously, cannot be supplied by the market; and/or
- c. stabilisation, relating to goods and/or services that must be provided in the public interest, such as goods and/or services in the fields of defence and security, monetary and fiscal affairs, which require special regulation and supervision.

### Paragraph (2)

Sufficiently clear.

### Paragraph (3)

Sufficiently clear.

### Paragraph (4)

Sufficiently clear.

### Paragraph (5)

Sufficiently clear.

### Paragraph (6)

Sufficiently clear.

## Article 3

Sufficiently clear.

## Article 4

Sufficiently clear.

## Article 5

Sufficiently clear.

## Article 6

Sufficiently clear.

## Article 7

Letter a

The phrase "Exports of Strategic Natural Resource Commodities through the Export SOE" includes, among other things, the reporting and submission of Export documents, sales contracts and other related documents by business actors to the Export SOE, and the provision of additional data and information required by the Export SOE from business actors through a system integrated with the Export SOE, including, among others, the Customs Excise Information System and Automation (CEISA), the Indonesia National Single Window System (SINSW), the Trade Information System (INATRADE), the Instant Integrated Foreign Exchange Monitoring Information System (SiMoDIS), and/or the Minerba Online Monitoring System (MOMS).

The provision of additional data and information by business actors to the Export SOE through an integrated system may be carried out automatically.

Letter b

Sufficiently clear.

Letter c

Sufficiently clear.

Letter d

Sufficiently clear.

Letter e

Sufficiently clear.

Article 8

Sufficiently clear.

Article 9

Sufficiently clear.

Article 10

Sufficiently clear.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STATE GAZETTE OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA NUMBER  
7178